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# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.	36C.P154
First Named Inventor or Application Identifier	
Tapani J. Ojala	
Express Mail Label No.	

## APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

## ADDRESS TO:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Box Patent Application  
Washington, DC 20231

1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form  
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)

2. ☒ Specification Total Pages

3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) Total Sheets

4. ☒ Oath or Declaration Total Pages

a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)

b. ☐ Unexecuted for information purposes

c. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))  
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)  
[Note Box 5 below]

i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)  
Signed Statement attached deleting  
inventor(s) named in the prior application,  
see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4c is checked)  
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy  
of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4c, is considered  
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6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)

7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission  
(if applicable, all necessary)

a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy

b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)

c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

## ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))

9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) ☒ Power of Attorney

10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)

11. ☒ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☒ Copies of IDS Citations

12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment

13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)  
(Should be specifically itemized)

14. ☐ Small Entity ☐ Statement filed in prior application  
Statement(s) Status still proper and desired

15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)  
(if foreign priority is claimed)

16. ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

## 18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

☐ Customer Number or Bar Code Label (Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here) or ☒ Correspondence address below

NAME	FITZPATRICK, CELLA, HARPER & SCINTO				
Address	277 Park Avenue				
City	New York	State	New York	Zip Code	10172-0194
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CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	68-20 =	48	X \$ 22.00 =	\$1,056.00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 cfr 1.16(b))	6-3 =	3	X \$ 82.00 =	\$ 246.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable) (37 CFR 1.16(d))			\$270.00 =	\$
				BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))	\$ 790.00
			Total of above Calculations = \$		
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				
	TOTAL =				\$2,092.00

19. Small entity status

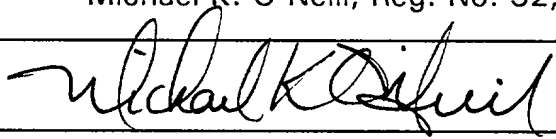
- a. ☐ A Small entity statement is enclosed
- b. ☐ A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
- c. ☐ Is no longer claimed.

20. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 2,092.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.

21. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 40.00 to cover the recordal fee is enclosed.

22. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge the following fees to Deposit Account No. 06-1205:

- a. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.16.
- b. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.17.
- c. ☐ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.18.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED	
NAME	Michael K. O'Neill, Reg. No. 32,622
SIGNATURE	
DATE	April 30, 1998

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B-9056

## STORING IMAGE DATA TO DIGITAL CAMERAS

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 5      Field Of The Invention

          The invention is directed to a system for storing image data from plural different application programs to a digital camera. More particularly, the invention is related to providing a camera  
10      driver that allows application programs to access the digital camera in the same way that the application programs access a printer.

#### Description Of The Related Art

15      Digital cameras are becoming increasingly prevalent in business environments, as well as in consumer households. These digital cameras allow a user to take "pictures" that are stored as digital image data in the digital camera. In addition,  
20      other data generated by the digital camera, such as sound data, time data and location data, can be stored with the image data. For example, the

digital camera can include a microphone so as to allow a user to verbally describe a corresponding picture. Resulting sound data generated by the digital camera can be stored with image data for the picture.

Typically, digital cameras can output the data stored therein to a computer or to a television via the Nation Television Standard Code (hereinafter "NTSC"). In Europe, the PAL or SECAM format is used for outputting data to a television. Outputting data via NTSC, PAL or SECAM is advantageous because no equipment other than a television, and possibly a connection cable, is needed to allow a user to access (i.e., view or present) the data. Thus, the digital camera can be used in conjunction with a television to make a slideshow-like presentation of the image data and the other data stored therein. For example, in a business environment, a user could take the digital camera to a client, and the user would only need a television in order to make a presentation to the client of the data stored in the digital camera.

In the presentation, the user might desire to include data besides image data and other data generated by the digital camera. For example, the user might desire to include spreadsheet data, graph data, computer-generated image data, text data and the like generated by application programs of a computer. Conventionally, in order to transfer this data from the application programs to the digital camera, the user would have to translate each type of data generated by the application programs to the format used by the digital camera.

Such translation would be a monumental task if performed manually, particularly in view of the different images (e.g., raster image and thumbnail image), special data formats, special naming

conventions used for each picture, and other special features required by a typical digital camera. Alternatively, a separate translation program could be used to convert each type of data generated by the application programs to the digital camera format. However, using separate translation programs for each type of data would be cumbersome and time consuming.

Accordingly, what is needed is a system for efficiently transferring data from plural different application programs running on a computer to a digital camera attached thereto.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention addresses the foregoing need by providing a camera driver which runs on the same computer as the application programs, and which the application programs can access in the same way as access to a printer driver, but which converts an application's print output to camera format for storage to a digital camera. Thus, in order to output data from an application program to the digital camera, the "print" function provided by the application program is used. In the subsequent print dialog, the digital camera is selected as the printer. Alternatively, the digital camera can be selected as the default printer before the print function is initiated. In either case, the camera driver automatically translates data output from the application program into the proper format for the digital camera, eliminating the need for further translation.

Accordingly, in one aspect the invention is a method for outputting camera-formatted data to a digital camera interface, wherein the camera-formatted data corresponds to application-formatted data from an application program. A print operation

for the application program is started. A camera driver corresponding to the digital camera is selected as an output device driver for the print operation. Application-formatted data is printed from the application program to the selected camera driver, and camera-formatted data is formed based on the application-formatted data and according to a digital camera format. The camera-formatted data is output from the camera driver to the digital camera interface.

In the preferred embodiment, the camera driver is selected through a print dialog generated by the application program. Alternatively, the camera driver is selected as a default output device driver. The preferred embodiment also includes the step of selecting one particular digital camera format from plural different predetermined digital camera formats.

The application-formatted data preferably is printed to the selected camera driver through a graphical device interface module provided by the computer's operating system, and the camera-formatted data preferably is output from the camera driver to the digital camera interface through the graphical device interface module. The application-formatted data preferably includes graphical device interface commands, and the camera-formatted data preferably includes a raster image and a thumbnail image.

The camera driver forms the camera-formatted data based on the application-formatted data using steps that preferably include the steps of forming the raster image based on the graphical device interface commands, forming a thumbnail image based on the raster image, and formatting and compressing the raster image and the thumbnail image according to the digital camera format. In the

preferred embodiment, the digital camera format for the camera-formatted data includes a format for the raster image, a format for the thumbnail image, and a format for relational information that relates the thumbnail image to the raster image. The format for the raster image can be a first JPEG file, the format for the thumbnail image can be a second JPEG file, and the format for the relational information can be a format for disposing the relational information within special tagged regions in the second JPEG file. The digital camera format preferably also includes a naming convention for naming data for the raster image and for naming data for the thumbnail image.

The digital camera format also can include a format for storing non-image data. The non-image data can include a creation date, a type of the application program, and ownership information. In addition, the non-image data can include sound data, possibly stored in a different file than the images.

In the preferred embodiment, the digital camera interface is attached to the computer on which the application program runs. In an alternative embodiment, the application program runs on a computer attached to a network, and the digital camera interface is on a device attached to the network. For example, the digital camera interface can be on another computer attached to the network. In either case, the digital camera interface preferably is connectable to a digital camera and/or to a removable camera memory medium (e.g., a flash RAM card).

In another aspect, the invention is a method for an application program to output application-formatted data to a camera driver, wherein the camera driver corresponds to a digital camera. The application program starts a print

operation and selects the camera driver  
corresponding to the digital camera as an output  
device driver for the print operation. The  
application-formatted data is printed to the  
5 selected camera driver.

In yet another aspect, the invention is a  
camera driver which outputs camera-formatted data to  
a digital camera interface, wherein the camera-  
formatted data corresponds to application-formatted  
10 data from an application program. The camera driver  
includes a print driver front end which receives  
application-formatted data from the application  
program. Based on the application-formatted data,  
the camera driver forms the camera-formatted data  
15 according to a digital camera format. The camera-  
formatted data is output to the digital camera  
interface.

By virtue of the foregoing, a user easily  
can transfer data from any of plural different  
20 application programs to a digital camera.  
Advantageously, if the digital camera is connectable  
to a television, the user can then display the data  
from any application program, such as spreadsheet or  
presentation programs, on the television along with  
25 digital pictures taken directly by the digital  
camera.

This brief summary has been provided so  
that the nature of the invention may be understood  
quickly. A more complete understanding of the  
30 invention can be obtained by reference to the  
following detailed description of the preferred  
embodiments thereof in connection with the attached  
drawings.



BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a representational view of a computer system in which the invention may be utilized.

5           Figure 2 is a detailed block diagram showing the internal architecture of the computer system shown in Figure 1.

Figure 3 is a block diagram of the internal architecture of a digital camera.

10           Figure 4A is a view for describing one representative example of a digital camera format used by a digital camera to store camera-formatted image files and associated data.

15           Figure 4B is a view for describing storage of image data, relational information and other non-image data in JPEG files in a digital camera format.

Figure 5A is a view showing the appearance of a graphical user interface for an application program according to the invention.

20           Figure 5B is a view showing the appearance of a camera driver property page according to the invention.

25           Figure 6A is a functional block diagram illustrating the software interrelationship between the application program, the operating system and the camera driver during a transfer of data from an application program to a digital camera or to a removable camera memory medium.

30           Figure 6B is a view illustrating the preferred embodiment of a camera driver, which is based on an existing printer driver.

Figure 7 is a flowchart for describing printing from an application program to a digital camera according to the invention.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Figure 1 is a representational view of a computer system in which the invention may be utilized. Computer system 1 is preferably an IBM  
5 PC-compatible system (PC) operating under a windowing operating system that includes a graphics device interface (GDI) module, such as Microsoft Windows95. Computer system 1 may be another type of system executing a windowing environment, such as a  
10 Macintosh or the like. Provided with computer system 1 are display 2, which is preferably a color monitor, keyboard 4 for entering user commands, and pointing device 5 such as a mouse for pointing to and for manipulating graphical user interfaces and  
15 other objects displayed on display 2.

Computer system 1 also includes a mass storage device such as fixed disk 6 for storing computer-executable process steps for an application program and a camera driver according to the  
20 invention. Fixed disk 6 also stores the operating system, image files, sound files, other application programs, a printer driver, other device drivers and the like for use in conjunction with the invention. The storage provided by fixed disk 6 may also be  
25 provided by a CD-ROM accessed via a CD-ROM drive (not shown).

Floppy disk drive 7 is used to access files stored on floppy disks for direct loading into a random access memory (RAM) of computer system 1, or  
30 into fixed disk 6. Computer-executable process steps, files and data also can be sent or retrieved over a network via network connection 9.

Also provided with computer system 1 is printer 12, which is preferably a high quality color  
35 printer. Printer 12 can output images and data from application programs and the like.

Digital camera 14, such as a Canon PowerShot 350 or PowerShot 600 digital camera, includes a (possibly removable) camera memory medium which is used for capturing and storing digital pictures and associated data. The pictures are preferably stored in digital camera 14 as camera-formatted data which includes both a full-resolution (e.g., 1024 x 768 pixel) JPEG image file and a low-resolution thumbnail (e.g., 80 x 60 pixel) JPEG image file, in accordance with a camera format defined by digital camera 14. Associated data including one or more sound files, a picture creation date, ownership information and other data can be stored with each picture.

Of course, other digital camera models having different camera formats for camera-formatted images and data may be used in practicing the invention. These camera formats can store different numbers and types of images for each picture. In addition, the same image format can be used for all of the images for a picture, or a different image format can be used for each image. For example, the invention is equally applicable to a digital camera model that stores images in a TIFF format instead of the JPEG format, or that stores the full-resolution image in a JPEG format and the thumbnail image in a TIFF format.

Digital camera 14 can be connected to computer system 1 through a cable or other form of connection. Although most digital cameras are configured to connect to computer system 1 through an interface such as a serial port (not shown), any other method of functionally connecting to computer system 1 may be used in practicing the invention. Once digital camera 14 is functionally connected to computer system 1, the files and data for each picture stored in digital camera 14 are available

for download to computer system 1. In addition, files and data are available for upload from computer system 1 to digital camera 14. According to the invention, this uploading can be performed via a camera driver from an application program through a print operation.

A removable camera memory medium (not shown) such as a flash RAM card can be connected to computer system 1 in place of digital camera 14. Data can be transferred to and from the removable camera memory medium as if it were a digital camera. In the case that computer system 1 is a laptop computer or a computer with a PC card drive or reader, the removable camera memory medium also can be accessed directly from the computer via a PC card adapter. Once data is uploaded into the removable camera memory medium, the medium can be inserted into a digital camera so as to allow the digital camera to access the data therein.

It should be understood that, although a programmable general purpose computer is shown in Figure 1, a dedicated computer terminal such as a net-PC or other type of data processing equipment can utilize the invention.

Figure 2 is a detailed block diagram showing the internal architecture of computer system 1. As shown in Figure 2, computer system 1 includes central processing unit (CPU) 15 which interfaces with computer bus 16. Also interfacing with computer bus 16 are digital camera interface 18, network interface 19 to network connection 9, floppy disk drive interface 21, display interface 22, printer interface 24, mouse interface 25, keyboard interface 26, fixed disk 6, read only memory (ROM) 27 and main random access memory (RAM) 29. In the case that computer system 1 is a laptop computer or a computer with a PC card drive or reader, one or

5           RAM 29 interfaces with computer bus 16 so  
as to provide memory storage to CPU 15 during  
execution of computer-executable process steps.  
More specifically, CPU 15 loads process steps from  
fixed disk 6 into RAM 29 and executes the stored  
10   process steps from RAM 29 in order to provide an  
application program and a camera driver according to  
the invention.

Figure 3 is a block diagram of the internal  
architecture of digital camera 14. It should be  
noted that Figure 3 shows a generic digital camera  
which may be used in conjunction with the invention.  
Of course, other digital cameras which may be used  
in conjunction with the invention may possess a  
different and possibly more complex architecture.

Digital camera 14 includes lens 30 for gathering light waves from objects toward which lens 30 is pointed, charge-coupled device 31 for translating the received light waves into analog signals, analog to digital converter 32 for converting the analog signals into digital signals, and frame memory 34 for storing a single picture frame. Digital camera 14 also includes microphone 35 for receiving analog sound waves during capture of a picture, and analog to digital (A/D) converter 36 for converting the captured sound waves into digital form. It should be understood that a

Elements 30 to 36 are controlled by microprocessor 37, which stores a picture from frame memory 34 into (possibly removable) camera memory 38. According to the preferred embodiment of the invention, and as described above, microprocessor 37 stores a captured picture in camera memory 38 as a full-resolution (e.g., 1024 x 768 pixel) image file and as a thumbnail (e.g., 80 x 60 pixel) image file. In the preferred embodiment, microprocessor 37 stores digitized sound from A/D converter 36 as files in camera memory 38 in a manner that associates the files with the corresponding image files.

When I/O module 39 is connected to a computing device, such as to computer system 1 through digital camera interface 18, files and data can be uploaded and downloaded between the camera memory and the computing device. When I/O module 39 is connected to a television, images and sound can be output to the television preferably using the NTSC, PAL or SECAM format. It should be noted that the invention, which is concerned with transferring data from an application program to a memory medium for a digital camera, is equally applicable to

Figure 4A is a view for describing one representative example of a digital camera format used by digital camera 14 to store camera-formatted image files and associated data. The same format also can be used by a removable camera memory medium, such as a flash RAM card. The format is designed to allow efficient use of memory, easy access to the various image files and associated data, and easy creation of new image files and data for new pictures without accidentally overwriting old image files and data. In the preferred embodiment, Canon Inc.'s CIFF digital camera image format is used.

Each directory area has a name associated therewith. The directory name consists of a predetermined prefix such as "CTG" adjoined to a five-digit serialized numerical directory index. Thus, 100000 directories names are possible. If the first digit of the index is "0", this digit is changed to "\_" so as to facilitate reading of the names. Each directory area contains a directory information file 42. The filename of the directory information file is formed by adding the suffix ".CTG" to the name of the directory. These directory information files are provided for storing arbitrary contents, as determined by third-party vendors.

As mentioned above, each directory area also includes up to 50 picture areas. Each picture

area contains image files and associated data for a picture, including full-resolution image file 43, thumbnail image file 44, and optional sound file 45. Each of the files in a picture area has a filename with a prefix that identifies the type of data stored therein. A full-resolution image file has the prefix "IMG", a thumbnail image file has the prefix "THM", and an optional sound files for associated sound data has the prefix "SND".

Adjoined to the prefix is a five-digit numerical picture index that identifies the picture area to which the file corresponds. Again, if the first digit of the index is "0", this digit is changed to "\_" for readability. The filename of each file also has an extension that identifies the format for the data in the file. Files are stored with suitable image and sound formats, such as a JPEG format with file extension ".JPG" for images, and a wave format with file extension ".WAV" for sound. Accordingly, in a first picture area with index 00001, full-resolution image file 43 is named IMG\_0001.JPG, thumbnail image file 44 is named THM\_0001.JPG, and sound file 45 is named SND\_0001.WAV; whereas in a second picture area with index 00002, full-resolution image file 43 is named IMG\_0002.JPG, thumbnail image file 44 is named THM\_0002.JPG, and sound file 45 is named SND\_0002.WAV; etc.

The file (i.e., picture area) indices are incremented for each picture, regardless of the directory area in which the files are stored. Thus, directory area CTG\_0000 stores files with indices \_0001 through \_0050, directory area CTG\_0001 stores files with indices \_0051 through \_0100, etc.

The JPEG and wave formats are well-known in the art. Therefore, these formats are not described in detail herein. However, it should be noted that whatever format is used can utilize compression,



either lossy or non-lossy, to facilitate efficient use of memory. In addition, some formats such as the JPEG format allow storage of non-image data together with image data in a single file, including relational information which relates different image files for a picture to each other.

Figure 4B is a view for describing storage of image data, relational information and other non-image data in files in a digital camera format according to the preferred embodiment of the invention. Here, a JPEG file format 47 is used for both full-resolution and thumbnail images and includes data section 48 and ImageProps section 49. Data section 48 holds the actual data for the image. ImageProps section 49 includes image format (e.g., compression type), image filename, thumbnail filename, sound filename, creation date, ownership and other information. When the JPEG files are created by printing from an application program running on computer system 1 to digital camera 14 according to the invention, this other information can include the name and/or type of the application program.

In the preferred embodiment, the ImageProps section for a thumbnail image is the same as the ImageProps section for a corresponding full-resolution image. Thus, the ImageProps section of a thumbnail image provides relational information to relate the thumbnail image file to the corresponding full-resolution image file.

While the invention is described herein with respect to one representative digital camera format, it is equally applicable to other formats for storing image files and data in a digital camera. For example, the invention is applicable to digital cameras that use Kodak's EXIF format, that store one or both of the image files in a TIFF





formatted data" is used to refer to data in this format.

In Figure 5A, the printer named "camera" is selected in printer name list box 60. Thus, camera driver 17 corresponding to digital camera 14 is selected as the output device driver for the print operation. Accordingly, the printer type is camera and the printer driver location indicator shows the location of camera driver 17 in fixed disk 6.

It should be noted that a printer named "camera" can be the default printer for computer system 1. In that case, if the user does not manipulate printer name list box 60, a corresponding camera driver is selected as the default output device driver for the print operation.

As with the normal print operation, the user selects the print range with print range selection section 62, and the user selects the number of copies with copies selection section 63. In addition, the user can access a camera driver property page for camera driver 17 by clicking on properties button 61. This property page is discussed in more detail below with reference to Figure 5B, which illustrates representative properties for a camera driver according to the invention.

Returning to Figure 5A, when the user is satisfied with the settings in user interface 50, the user clicks on OK button 64 to initiate a transfer of data from the application program to camera driver 17. As mentioned above, this data is application-formatted data. Thus, if a digital camera is selected as the printer, clicking OK button 64 initiates the transfer of application-formatted data from the application program to the digital camera.

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can be displayed as the default picture number in picture number box 69.

Other arrangements for selecting the digital camera format, associating sound files and specifying a picture number are possible. In addition, camera driver property page 65 can provide fewer, more or different options than those shown in Figure 5B. For example, camera driver property page 65 can provide boxes for entering ownership information, a picture creation date, and name and type information for the application program.

Figure 6A is a functional block diagram illustrating the software interrelationship between the application program, the operating system and the camera driver during a transfer of data from application program 80 running on computer system 1 to digital camera 14 or to removable camera memory medium 84. In order for application program 80 to transfer the data, application program 80 sends application-formatted data to operating system 81 running on computer system 1.

In the preferred embodiment, operating system 81 includes graphical device interface (GDI) module 82, which is responsible for handling output of graphics data to any graphics device, such as printers and displays. Accordingly, application-formatted data from application program 80 is in the form of GDI commands. These GDI commands are device-independent commands for generating graphics figures on a monitor, printer, or any other graphics device.

Operating system 81 interacts with camera driver 17, which is selected through user interface 50 shown in Figure 5A, to generate camera-formatted data from the application-formatted data. The particular format of the camera-formatted data, such as CIFF or EXIF, is determined by camera driver 17,

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5                   In the preferred embodiment, camera driver  
17 receives data from GDI module 82, translates the  
data into camera-formatted data, and sends the  
camera-formatted data back to GDI module 82. Camera  
driver 17 accesses "spooler routines" provided by  
GDI module 82, and GDI module 82 accesses device  
10 driver interface (DDI) entry points provided by  
camera driver 17, to carry out this process. The  
actual data flow is from application program 80, to  
GDI module 82, to camera driver 17, back to GDI  
module 82, and then out of GDI module 82 to digital  
15 camera interface 18.

25                    In the preferred embodiment, digital camera  
interface 18 is part of computer system 1 on which  
application program 80 runs. Alternatively, digital  
camera interface 18 can be connected to computer  
system 1 through network connection 9. For example,  
30                    digital camera interface 18 can be disposed on  
another computer system that is networked to  
computer system 1.

Figure 6B is a view illustrating the preferred embodiment of camera driver 17. This driver includes printer driver front end 85, which forms a full-resolution raw raster image, such as for output to a laser printer, based on the GDI

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commands, forming a thumbnail image based on the raster image, and formatting and compressing the raster image and the thumbnail image according to the digital camera format. The CIFF format, which is used in the preferred embodiment, includes a JPEG file for the raster image, a JPEG file for the thumbnail image, and a format for relational information that relates the thumbnail image to the raster image. The relational information is disposed in the JPEG file for the thumbnail image. The CIFF format also includes a format for storing non-image data. The non-image data can include a creation date, a type of the application program, and ownership information. In addition, the non-image data can include sound data, which is stored in wave files. A naming convention defined by the CIFF format is used to name the JPEG files and any associated files.

The camera-formatted data is output to digital camera interface 18 in step S706. In the preferred embodiment, digital camera interface 18 is part of computer system 1. Alternatively, digital camera interface 18 can be connected to computer system 1 through network connection 9. In either case, digital camera interface 18 can be connected to digital camera 14. In the preferred embodiment, digital camera interface 18 also can be connected to removable camera memory medium 84, such as a flash RAM card, for convenient storage and transportation of the camera-formatted data.

While the invention is described above with respect to what is currently considered its preferred embodiments, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited to that described above. To the contrary, the invention is intended to cover various modifications and equivalent

arrangements included within the spirit and scope of  
the appended claims.

0307439, 030143

1. A method for outputting camera-formatted data to a digital camera interface, the camera-formatted data corresponding to application-formatted data from an application program, the method comprising the steps of:

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        selecting a camera driver corresponding to
the digital camera as an output device driver for
the print operation;

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forming the camera-formatted data based on the application-formatted data and according to a digital camera format; and

2. A method according to Claim 1, wherein the camera driver is selected through a print dialog generated by the application program.

4. A method according to Claim 1, further comprising the step of selecting the digital camera format from plural different predetermined digital camera formats.

5. A method according to Claim 1, wherein the application-formatted data is printed to the

selected camera driver through a graphical device interface module.

5           6. A method according to Claim 5, wherein  
the camera-formatted data is output from the camera  
driver to the digital camera interface through the  
graphical device interface module.

10           7. A method according to Claim 6, wherein  
the application-formatted data comprises graphical  
device interface commands.

15           8. A method according to Claim 7, wherein  
the camera-formatted data comprises a raster image  
and a thumbnail image.

20           9. A method according to Claim 8, wherein  
the step of forming the camera-formatted data based  
on the application-formatted data further comprises  
the steps of:

            forming the raster image based on the  
graphical device interface commands;

            forming the thumbnail image based on the  
raster image; and

25           formatting and compressing the raster image  
and the thumbnail image according to the digital  
camera format.

30           10. A method according to Claim 9, wherein  
the digital camera format comprises:

            a format for the raster image;

            a format for the thumbnail image; and

            a format for relational information that  
relates the thumbnail image to the raster image.

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            11. A method according to Claim 10,  
wherein the format for the raster image comprises a

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18. A method for an application program to output application-formatted data to a camera

starting a print operation;  
selecting the camera driver corresponding  
5 to the digital camera as an output device driver for  
the print operation; and  
printing application-formatted data to the  
camera driver.

10           19. A method according to Claim 18,  
          wherein the step of selecting the camera driver  
          further comprises generating a print dialog through  
          which the camera driver is selected.

15           20. A method according to Claim 18,  
          wherein the step of selecting the camera driver  
          further comprises selecting the camera driver as a  
          default output device driver.

20                   21. A method according to Claim 18,  
                  wherein the application-formatted data is printed to  
                  the selected camera driver through a graphical  
                  device interface module.

25                    22. A method according to Claim 21,  
wherein the application-formatted data comprises  
graphical device interface commands.

23. A method for outputting camera-  
formatted data to a digital camera interface, the  
camera-formatted data corresponding to application-  
formatted data from an application program, the  
method comprising the steps of:

```

        receiving application-formatted data from
35    the application program;

```



```

        outputting the camera-formatted data to a
5    digital camera interface.

```

25. A method according to Claim 23,  
wherein the application-formatted data is received  
from the application program through a graphical  
device interface module.

27. A method according to Claim 26,  
wherein the application-formatted data comprises  
graphical device interface commands.

30           29. A method according to Claim 28,  
              wherein the step of forming the camera-formatted  
              data based on the application-formatted data further  
              comprises the steps of:

```

    forming the raster image based on the
35 graphical device interface commands;
    forming the thumbnail image based on the
    raster image; and

```

5 30. A method according to Claim 29,  
wherein the digital camera format comprises:  
a format for the raster image;  
a format for the thumbnail image; and  
a format for relational information that  
10 relates the thumbnail image to the raster image.

15 31. A method according to Claim 30,  
wherein the format for the raster image comprises a  
first JPEG file, the format for the thumbnail image  
comprises a second JPEG file, and the format for the  
relational information comprises a format for  
disposing the relational information in the second  
JPEG file.

20 32. A method according to Claim 31,  
wherein the digital camera format further comprises  
a naming convention for naming data for the raster  
image and for naming data for the thumbnail image.

25 33. A method according to Claim 32,  
wherein the digital camera format further comprises  
a format for storing non-image data.

30 34. A method according to Claim 33,  
wherein the non-image data further comprises a  
creation date, a type of the application program,  
and ownership information.

35 35. A method according to Claim 34,  
wherein the non-image data further comprises sound  
data stored in a different file than the raster  
image and the thumbnail image.

36. A method according to Claim 23,  
wherein the digital camera interface is connectable  
to a digital camera and to a removable camera memory  
medium.

5

37. An apparatus for outputting camera-  
formatted data to a digital camera interface, the  
camera-formatted data corresponding to application-  
formatted data from an application program, the  
apparatus comprising:

10

a memory including a region for storing  
executable process steps; and

a processor for executing the executable  
process steps;

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wherein the executable process steps  
include steps of: (a) starting a print operation  
for the application program; (b) selecting a camera  
driver corresponding to the digital camera as an  
output device driver for the print operation; (c)  
printing the application-formatted data from the  
application program to the selected camera driver;  
(d) forming the camera-formatted data based on the  
application-formatted data and according to a  
digital camera format; and (e) outputting the  
camera-formatted data from the camera driver to a  
digital camera interface.

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38. An apparatus according to Claim 37,  
wherein the camera driver is selected through a  
print dialog generated by the application program.

30

39. An apparatus according to Claim 37,  
wherein the camera driver is selected as a default  
output device driver.

35

40. An apparatus according to Claim 37,  
wherein the executable process steps further

comprise the step of selecting the digital camera format from plural different predetermined digital camera formats.

5                   41. An apparatus according to Claim 37, wherein the application-formatted data is printed to the selected camera driver through a graphical device interface module.

10                   42. An apparatus according to Claim 41, wherein the camera-formatted data is output from the camera driver to the digital camera interface through the graphical device interface module.

15                   43. An apparatus according to Claim 42, wherein the application-formatted data comprises graphical device interface commands.

20                   44. An apparatus according to Claim 43, wherein the camera-formatted data comprises a raster image and a thumbnail image.

25                   45. An apparatus according to Claim 44, wherein the step of forming the camera-formatted data based on the application-formatted data further comprises the steps of:

                  forming the raster image based on the graphical device interface commands;

30                   forming the thumbnail image based on the raster image; and

                  formatting and compressing the raster image and the thumbnail image according to the digital camera format.

35                   46. An apparatus according to Claim 45, wherein the digital camera format comprises:  
                  a format for the raster image;

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53. An apparatus according to Claim 37,  
wherein the apparatus and the digital camera  
interface are connected by through a network  
connection.

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54. A camera driver, the camera driver  
comprising computer-executable process steps to  
output camera-formatted data to a digital camera  
interface based on application-formatted data from  
an application program, the computer-executable  
process steps comprising:

10

code to receive application-formatted data  
from the application program;

15

code to form the camera-formatted data  
based on the application-formatted data and  
according to a digital camera format; and

code to output the camera-formatted data to  
the digital camera interface.

20

55. A camera driver according to Claim 54,  
wherein the computer-executable process steps  
further comprise code to select the digital camera  
format from plural different predetermined digital  
camera formats.

25

56. A camera driver according to Claim 54,  
wherein the application-formatted data is received  
from the application program through a graphical  
device interface module.

30

57. A camera driver according to Claim 56,  
wherein the camera-formatted data is output from the  
camera driver to the digital camera interface  
through the graphical device interface module.

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58. A camera driver according to Claim 57,  
wherein the application-formatted data comprises  
graphical device interface commands.

5 59. A camera driver according to Claim 58,  
wherein the camera-formatted data comprises a raster  
image and a thumbnail image.

10 60. A camera driver according to Claim 59,  
wherein code to form the camera-formatted data based  
on the application-formatted data further comprises:

code to form the raster image based on the  
graphical device interface commands;

15 code to form the thumbnail image based on  
the raster image; and

code to format and compress the raster  
image and the thumbnail image according to the  
digital camera format.

20 61. A camera driver according to Claim 60,  
wherein the digital camera format comprises:

a format for the raster image;

a format for the thumbnail image; and

25 a format for relational information that  
relates the thumbnail image to the raster image.

30 62. A camera driver according to Claim 61,  
wherein the format for the raster image comprises a  
first JPEG file, the format for the thumbnail image  
comprises a second JPEG file, and the format for the  
relational information comprises a format for  
disposing the relational information in the second  
JPEG file.

35 63. A camera driver according to Claim 62,  
wherein the digital camera format further comprises

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a naming convention for naming data for the raster image and for naming data for the thumbnail image.

5           64. A camera driver according to Claim 63, wherein the digital camera format further comprises a format for storing non-image data.

10           65. A camera driver according to Claim 64, wherein the non-image data further comprises a creation date, a type of the application program, and ownership information.

15           66. A camera driver according to Claim 65, wherein the non-image data further comprises sound data stored in a different file than the raster image and the thumbnail image.

20           67. A camera driver according to Claim 65, wherein the digital camera interface is connectable to a digital camera and to a removable camera memory medium.

25           68. A computer-readable medium which stores a camera driver, the camera driver comprising computer-executable process steps to output camera-formatted data to a digital camera interface based on application-formatted data from an application program, the computer-executable process steps comprising:

30               a receiving step to receive application-formatted data from the application program;

              a forming step to form the camera-formatted data based on the application-formatted data and according to a digital camera format; and

35               an outputting step to output the camera-formatted data to a digital camera interface.

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ABSTRACT

5 A system for outputting camera-formatted  
data to a digital camera interface, wherein the  
camera-formatted data corresponds to application-  
formatted data from an application program. A print  
operation for the application program is started. A  
camera driver corresponding to the digital camera is  
selected as an output device driver for the print  
10 operation. Application-formatted data is printed  
from the application program to the selected camera  
driver, and camera-formatted data is formed based on  
the application-formatted data and according to a  
digital camera format. The camera-formatted data is  
15 output from the camera driver to the digital camera  
interface.

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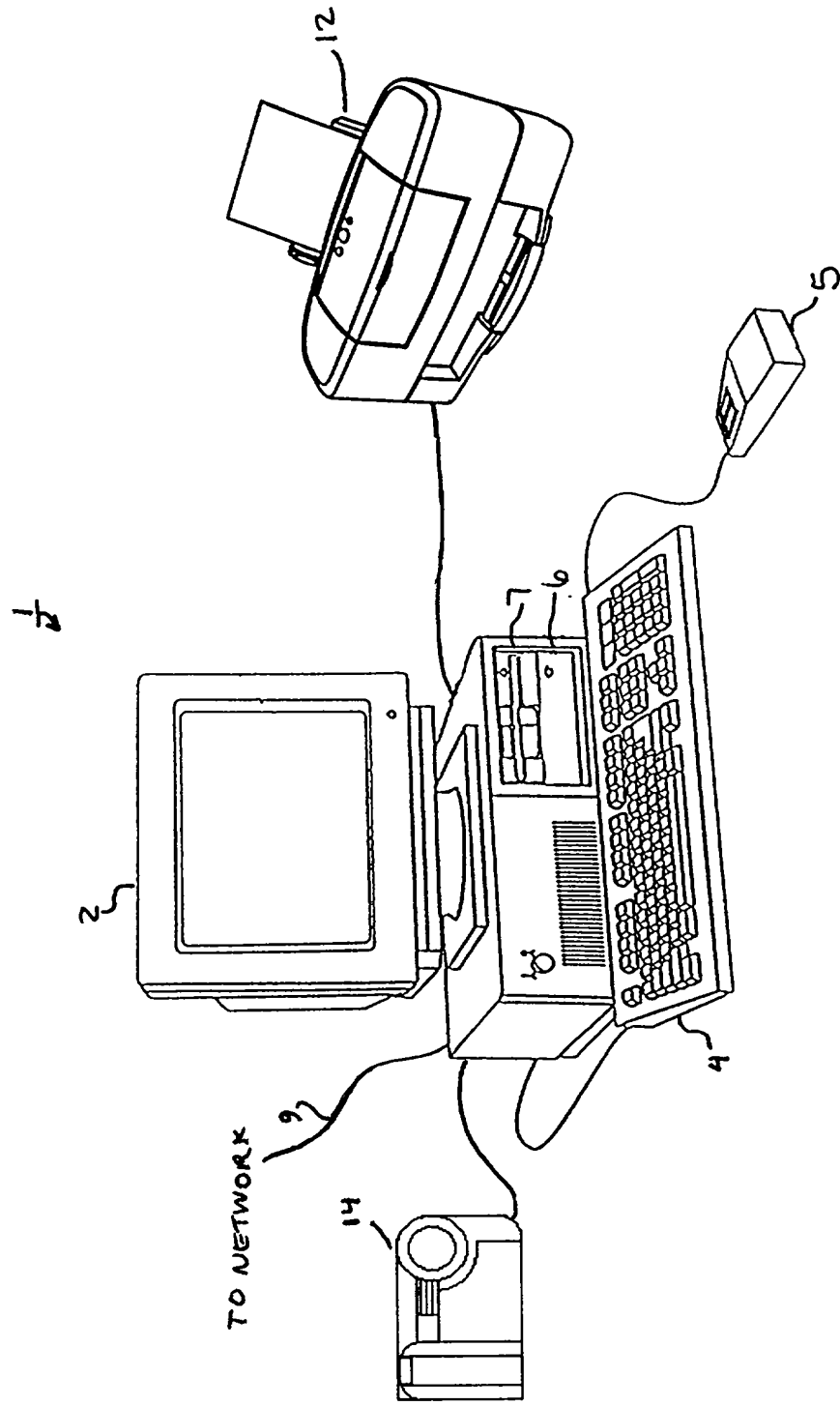


FIG. 1

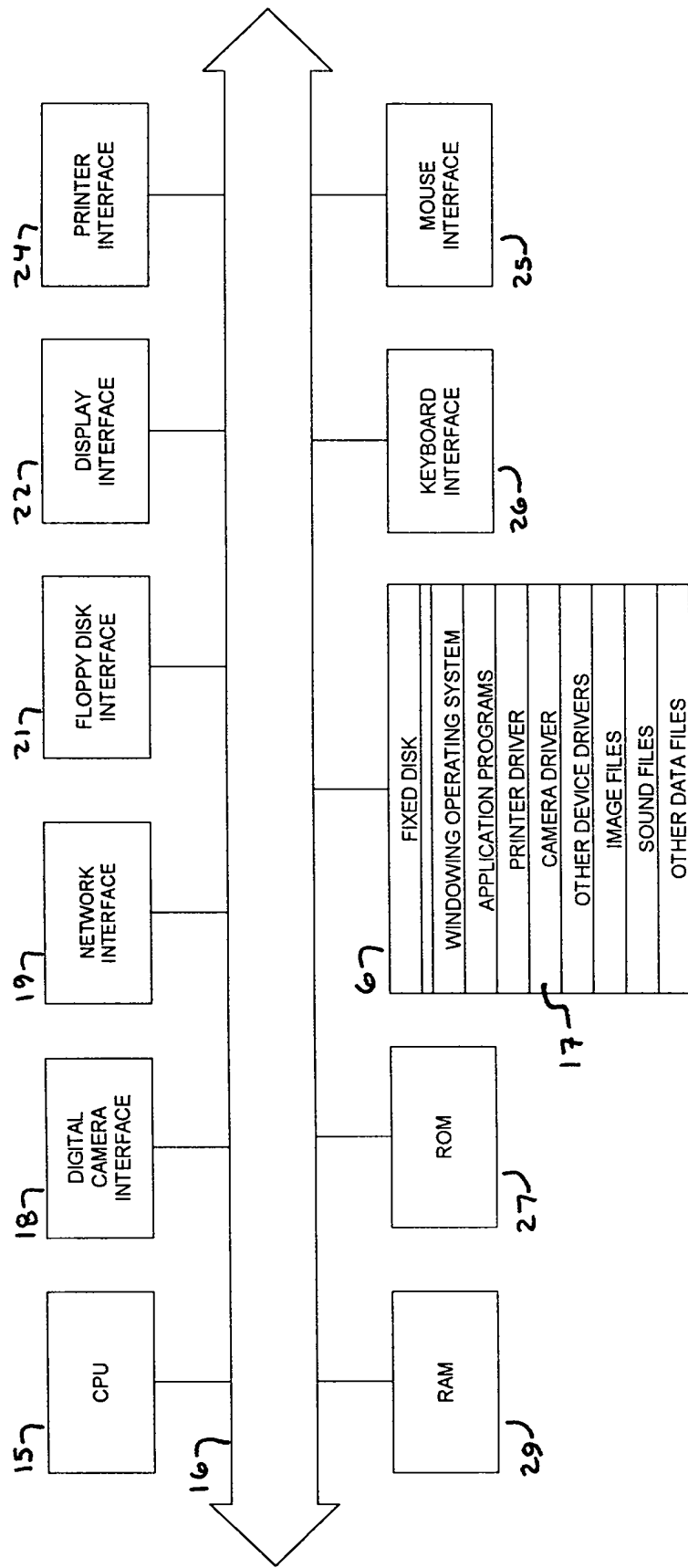


FIG. 2

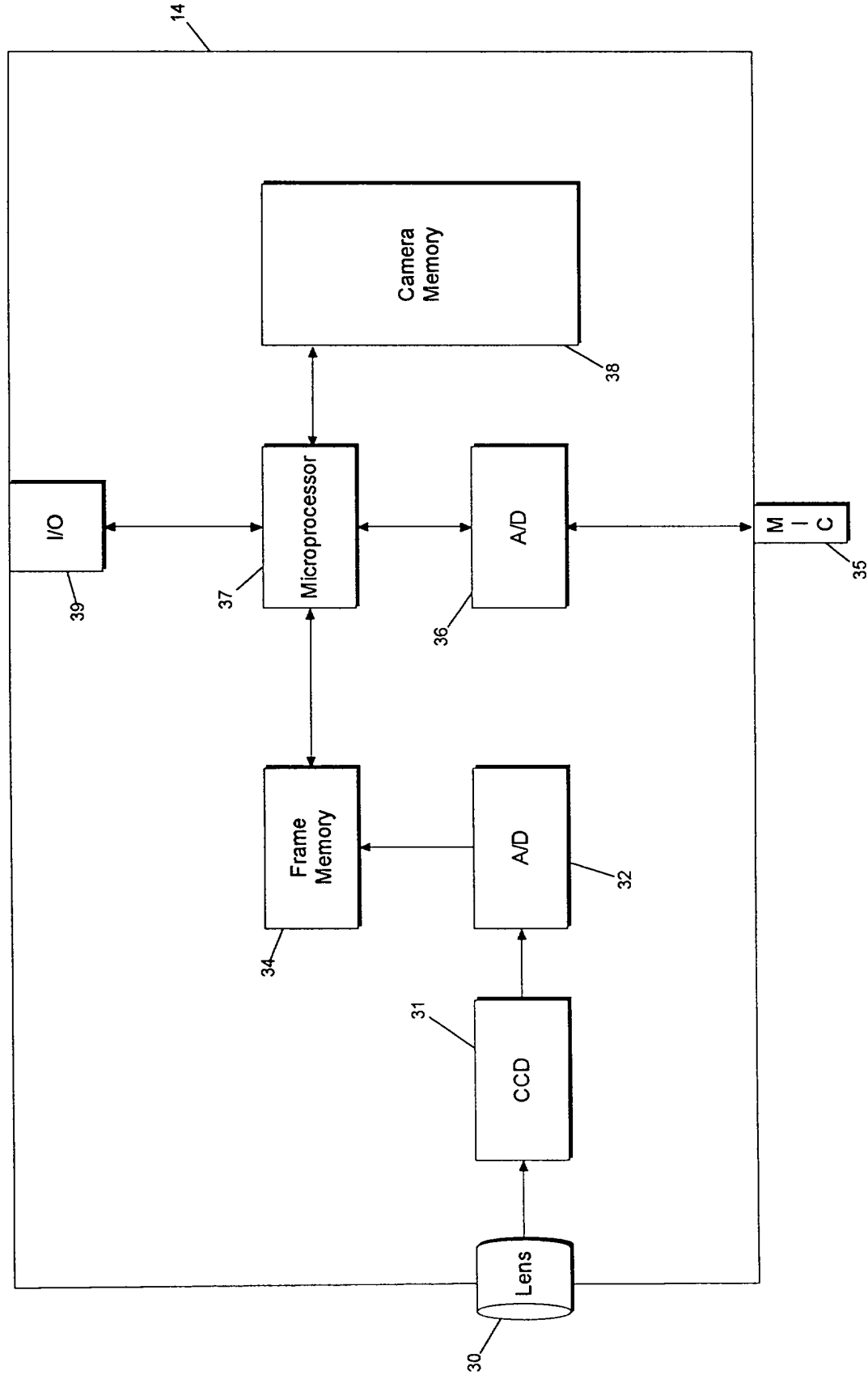


FIG. 3



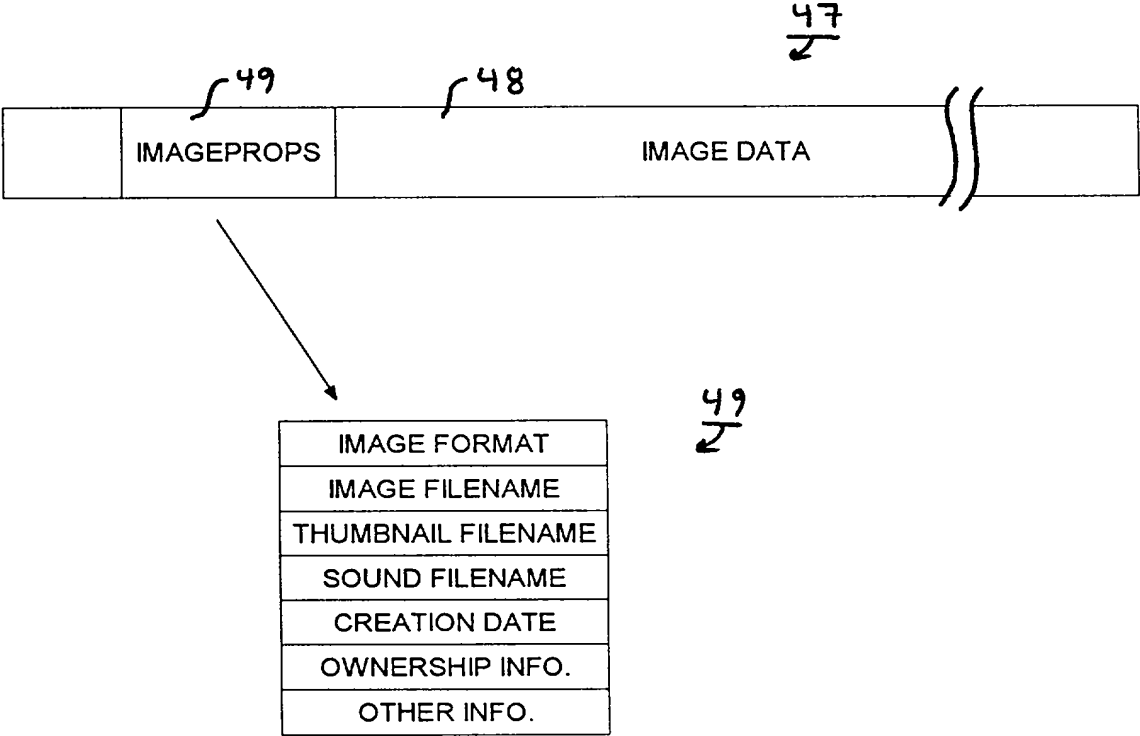


FIG. 4B

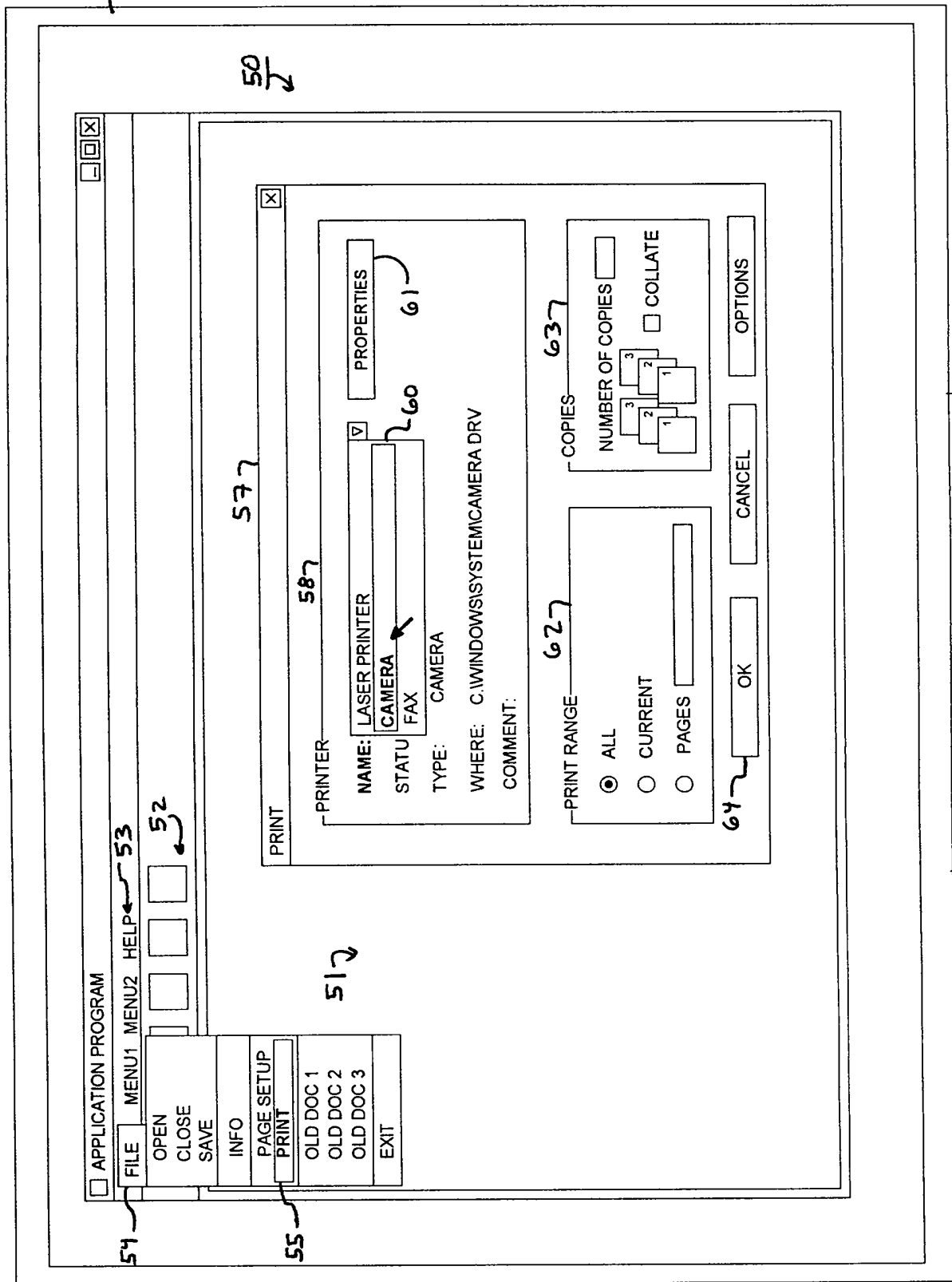


FIG. 5A

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CAMERA DRIVER

FORMAT

☒ CAMERA FORMAT A

☐ CAMERA FORMAT B

☐ CAMERA FORMAT C

SOUND FILE

☒ YES

☐ NO

FILENAME:

BROWSE

PICTURE NUMBER

☒ YES

☐ NO

NUMBER:

69

OK

CANCEL

FIG. 5B



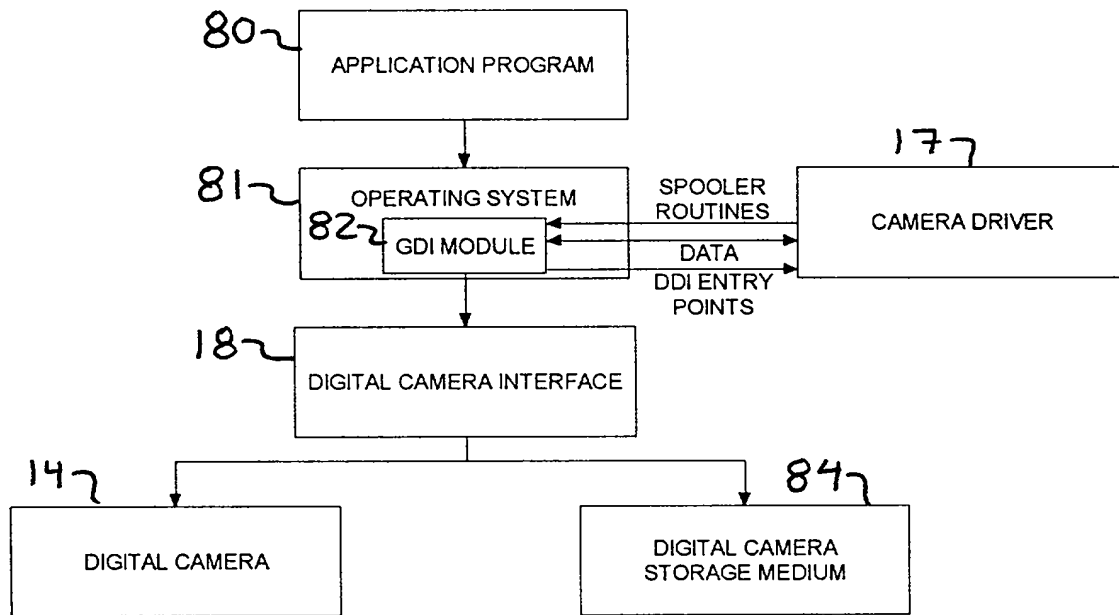


FIG. 6A

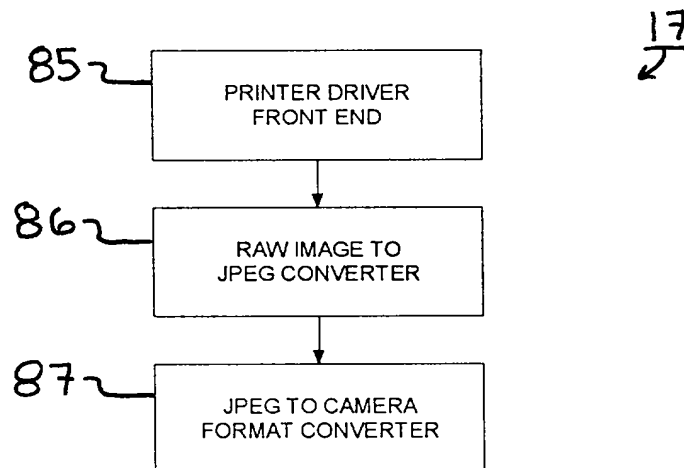
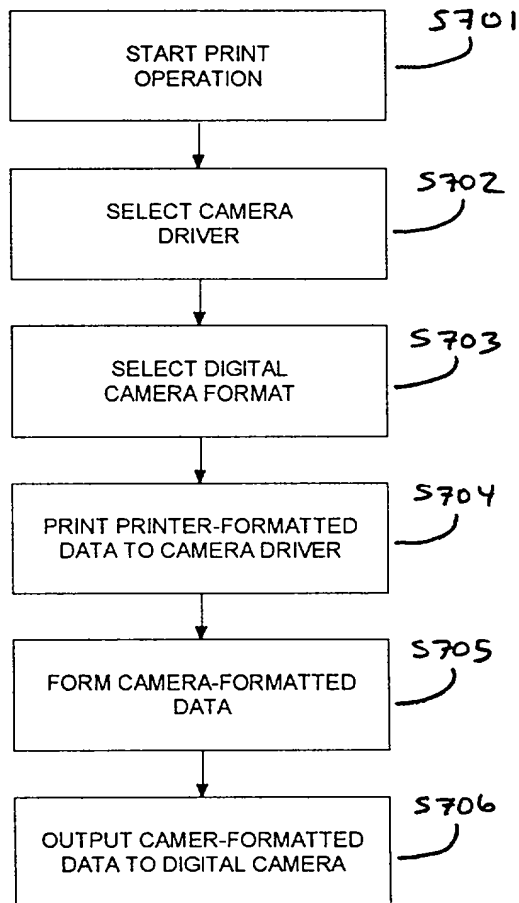


FIG. 6B



**FIG. 7**

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR PATENT APPLICATION

(Page 1)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled \_\_\_\_\_

STORING IMAGE DATA TO DIGITAL CAMERAS

the specification of which ☒ is attached hereto ☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_  
as United States Application No. or PCT International Application No. \_\_\_\_\_  
and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) or §365(b), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT international application which designates at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Country</u>	<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)</u>	<u>(Yes/No)</u> <u>Priority Claimed</u>
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I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(c) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)</u>
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**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**  
(Page 2)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)</u>	<u>Status</u> (Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
------------------------	----------------------------	---

I hereby appoint the following attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Joseph M. Fitzpatrick (Registration No. 17,398), Lawrence F. Scinto (Registration No. 18,973), William J. Brunet (Registration No. 20,452), Robert L. Baechtold (Registration No. 20,860), John A. O'Brien (Registration No. 24,367), John A. Krause (Registration No. 24,613), Henry J. Renk (Registration No. 25,499), Peter Saxon (Registration No. 24,947), Anthony M. Zupcic (Registration No. 27,276), Charles P. Baker (Registration No. 26,702), Sievan J. Bosses (Registration No. 22,291), Edward E. Vassallo (Registration No. 29,117), Ronald A. Clayton (Registration No. 26,718), Lawrence A. Stahl (Registration No. 30,110), Laura A. Bauer (Registration No. 29,767), Leonard P. Diana (Registration No. 29,296), Nicholas N. Kallas (Registration No. 31,530), William M. Wannisky (Registration No. 28,373), Lawrence S. Perry (Registration No. 31,865), Robert H. Fischer (Registration No. 30,051), Christopher Phillip Wrist (Registration No. 32,078), Gary M. Jacobs (Registration No. 28,861), Michael K. O'Neill (Registration No. 32,622), Bruce C. Haas (Registration No. 32,734), Scott K. Reed (Registration No. 32,433), Scott D. Malpede (Registration No. 32,533), Fredrick M. Zullo (Registration No. 32,452), Richard P. Bauer (Registration No. 31,588), Warren E. Olsen (Registration No. 27,290), Abigail F. Cousins (Registration No. 29,292), Steven E. Warner (Registration No. 33,326), Thomas J. O'Connell (Registration No. 33,202), David L. Schaeffer (Registration No. 32,716), Jack S. Cubert (Registration No. 24,245), Mark A. Williamson (Registration No. 33,628), Jean K. Dudek (Registration No. 30,938), Raymond R. Mandra (Registration No. 34,382), Dominick A. Condo (Registration No. 33,856), Pasquale A. Razzano (Reg. No. 25,512), John W. Behringer (Registration No. 23,086), Robert C. Kline (Registration No. 17,739), Mark J. Itri (Registration No. 36,171), Michael P. Sandomato (Registration No. 35,345), Jack M. Arnold (Registration No. 25,823), John D. Carlin (Registration No. 37,292), Daniel S. Glueck (Registration No. 37,838), Joseph W. Ragusa (Registration No. 38,586), Brian L. Klock (Registration No. 36,570), Anne M. Maher (Registration No. 38,231), Thomas D. Pease (Registration No. 35,317), Bruce M. Wexler (Registration No. 35,409), Robert S. Mayer (Registration No. 38,544), Errol B. Taylor (Registration No. 39,853), Matthew J. Golden (Registration No. 35,161), Sean W. O'Brien (Registration No. 37,689), Dolores A. Moro-Grossman (Registration No. 33,972), T. Thomas Gollenthien (Registration No. 39,683), Douglas Sharrott (Registration No. 39,832), Gordon F. Sieckmann (Registration No. 28,667), Jay H. Anderson (Registration No. 38,371), Nandu A. Talwalkar (Registration No. 41,339), Leonard J. Santisi (Registration No. 24,135), Shu Muk Lee (Registration No. 41,147), Kathryn L. Sieburth (Registration No. 40,072), Lee A. Goldberg (Registration No. 38,894), and Leisa M. Smith (Registration No. 39,378).

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**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

(Page 3)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Second Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Citizen/Subject of \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_

Full Name of Third Joint Inventor, if any \_\_\_\_\_

Third Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Citizen/Subject of \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_

Full Name of Fourth Joint Inventor, if any \_\_\_\_\_

Fourth Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Citizen/Subject of \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_

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